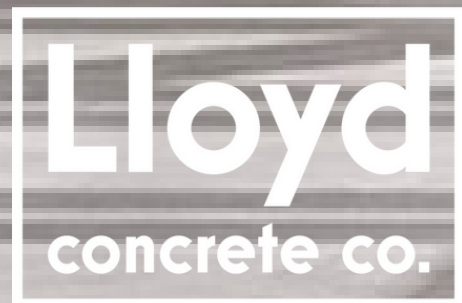


MICRO-CEMENT MAINTENANCE MANUAL

LLOYD CONCRETE CO



TRANSFORMING SURFACES



CONTENTS

- 1 What not to use

- 2 Floors for heavy and light traffic

- 3 Small Environment

- 4 Large Environment

- 5 Products for maintenance

- 6 Underfloor heating

- 7 General Care

- 8 Initial washing and protective coating application

- 9 Shower and wet areas maintenance

What not to use...

Aggressive products and equipment



Untested products that are not guaranteed by us



Brushes with nylon bristle



A Mop



IMPORTANT

For stores and large environments, it is highly recommended to place a carpet at the entrance.



Floors for heavy and light traffic



Our decorative floors are utilised in diverse settings, ranging from residences and retail stores to restaurants and museums. Each of these environments demands unique maintenance approaches, with the primary factor being the level of foot traffic the floor experiences. Increased traffic necessitates more frequent maintenance to uphold the floor's appearance and durability.

Light traffic area

It will be sufficient to wash the floor once a week and apply the protective treatment once every 8-12 months

Heavy traffic area

When the surface must support intense stress, it is recommended to wash the floor more often, between 4 and 7 times a week, and apply the protective treatment every 3-6 months.

IMPORTANT

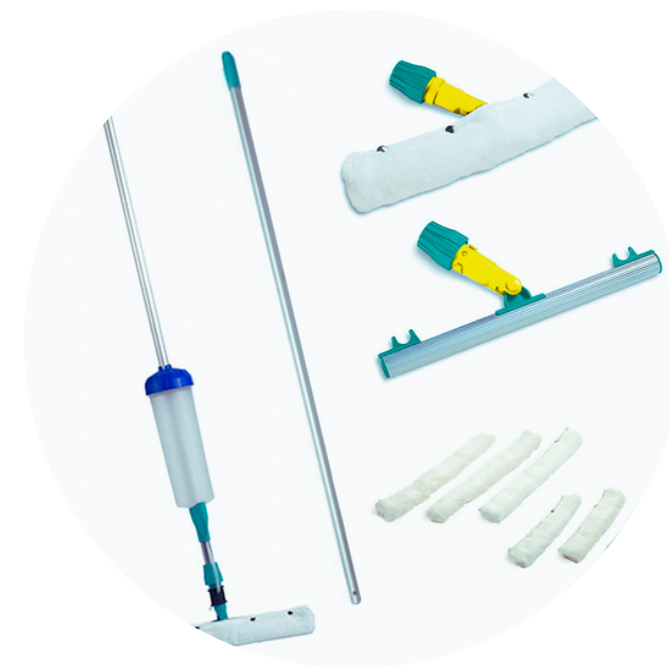
Always use two buckets for proper floor cleaning: one with clean water and detergent, and another for wringing out dirty water. Using a single bucket may only transfer dirt around without effectively cleaning the floor.

Small Environment

(Private residence, Small office)



Microfibre cloth



Wax Spreader



Cleaning kit

Large Environment

Store, Showroom, Restaurant



**Bucket for wax
spreader**



**White cleaning
pad**



Floor buffer

Products for maintenance

Once we have completed the job at your project we will suggest and provide a more in depth leaflet suitable for you. We will suggest different products to use for things such as light and heavy dirt.



Underfloor heating

When initiating a new underfloor heating system, it's essential to gradually increase the temperature over several days, limiting the rise to a maximum of 3°C per day. To prevent cracking, it is crucial to avoid abrupt temperature changes and thermal shock.



General Care

Regular Cleaning:

Sweep or vacuum regularly and clean with a damp mop using a mild pH-neutral cleaner.

Avoid Harsh Chemicals:

Refrain from using abrasive or acidic cleaners to prevent damage.

Prevent Stains:

Wipe up spills promptly to maintain the stain-resistant properties.

Protect the Surface:

Avoid sharp objects and use felt pads under furniture feet.

Temperature Considerations:

Prevent rapid temperature changes to preserve the integrity of the surface.

Routine Inspections:

Periodically check for wear or damage, and follow any specific care guidelines provided.

Initial washing and protective coating application

Upon the initial cleaning of a decorative floor, it is crucial to assess the extent and nature of any dirt or contamination. Ensure that this contamination is completely eradicated before applying any protective coating.



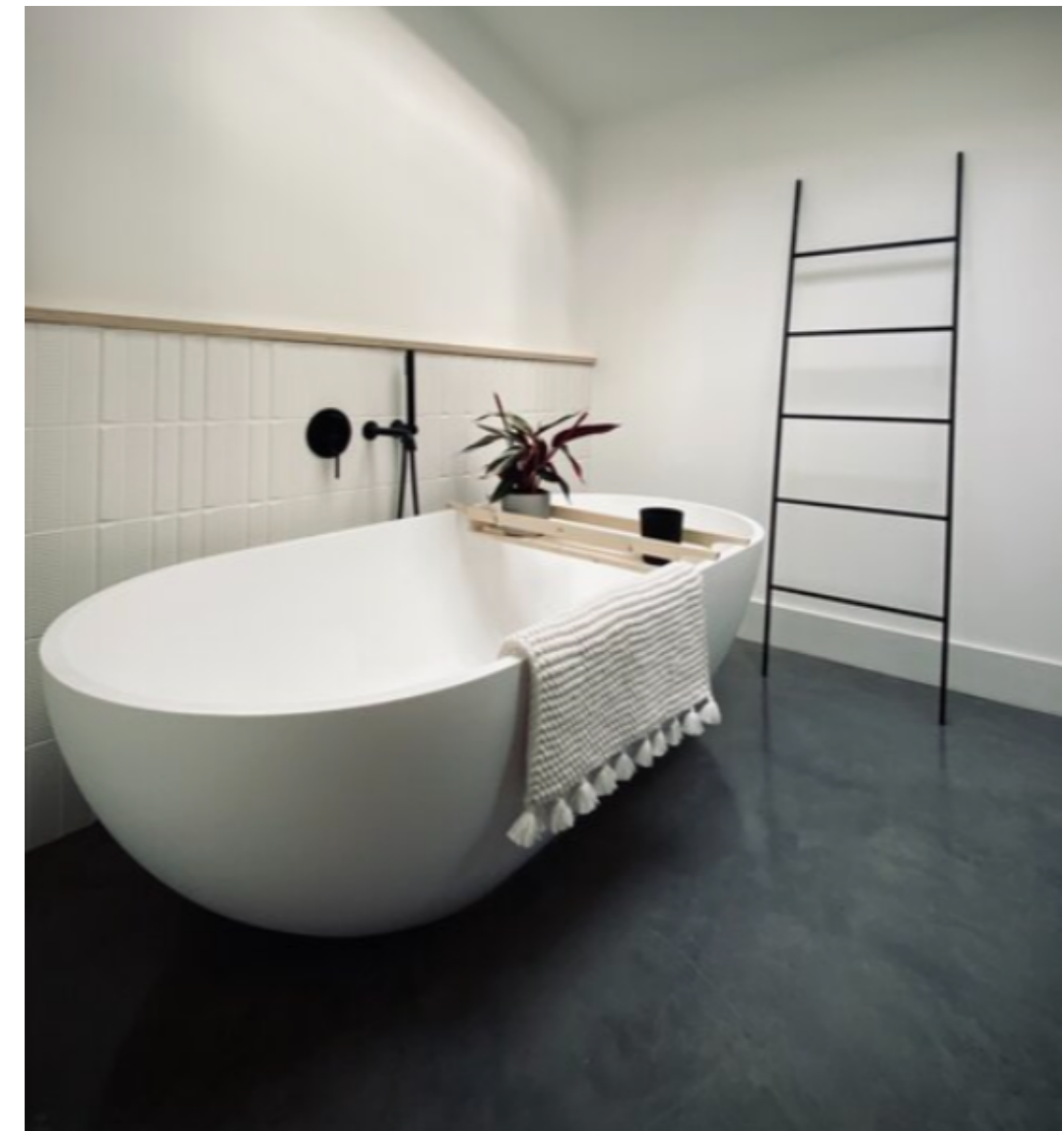
Shower and wet areas maintenance

Apply product only vertically and only in shower stalls.

Pour some of the product on a clean cloth and spread it on the surface

Do not rinse

Upon completion of your project, we will recommend the specific product for your needs. Our suggestion typically involves a solvent-based, water-resistant protection that enhances the water resistance of micro-cement surfaces in shower stalls, sinks, countertops, and other areas.



IMPORTANT

Apply the treatment at least once every 6 months